A trauma patient is defined as a patient sustaining a traumatic injury within 14 days of initial encounter, has a principle diagnosis of trauma (means the identified traumatic injury was the primary reason for the patient's admission, transfer or death)

At least one of the following injury diagnoses:

- S00-S99 with 7th character modifiers of A, B, or C ONLY. (injuries to specific body parts initial encounter)
- **T07** (unspecified multiple injuries)
- T14 (injury to unspecified body region)
- T20-T28 with 7th character modifier of A only. (burns by specific body parts initial encounter)
- T30-T332 (burn by TBSA percentages)
- T79.A1-T79.9A with 7th character modifier of A only. (Traumatic compartment Syndrome)

EXCLUDE the following isolated superficial injuries (if this is their only injury/injuries) ICD-10-CM:

- **S00** (Superficial injuries of head contusions, lacerations or abrasions)
- **\$10** (Superficial injuries of the neck contusions, lacerations or abrasions)
- **\$20** (Superficial injuries of the thorax contusions, lacerations or abrasions)
- **\$30** (Superficial injuries of the abdomen, pelvis, lower back and external genitals contusions, abrasions and lacerations)
- **\$40** (Superficial injuries of shoulder and upper arm contusions, abrasions and lacerations)
- **\$50** (Superficial injuries of elbow and forearm contusions, abrasions and lacerations)
- **\$60** (Superficial injuries of wrist, hand and fingers contusions, abrasions and lacerations)
- **\$70** (Superficial injuries of hip and thigh contusions, abrasions and lacerations)
- **\$80** (Superficial injuries of knee and lower leg contusions, abrasions and lacerations)
- **\$90** Superficial injuries of ankle, foot and toes contusions, abrasions and lacerations)

Late effect codes, which are represented using the same range of injury diagnosis codes but with the 7th digit modifier of D – S are also excluded and MUST INCLUDE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING IN ADDITION TO (S00-S99, T07, T14, T30-32 & T79.A1-T79.A9)

AND must INCLUDE one of the following:

- DEATH RESULTING FROM TRAUMATIC INJURY
- PATIENT TRANSFER FROM ONE ACUTE CARE HOSPITAL TO ANOTHER ACUTE CARE HOSPITAL (EXCLUDING PATIENTS DIRECTLY ADMITTED WITH ISOLATED INJURIES ADMITTED FOR ELECTIVE AND/OR PLANNED SURGICAL INTERVENTION)
- Patients who were an in-patient or observed patient for trauma (excluding those admitted to monitor a medical condition)
- Patients with injury 14 days prior to admission

Injuries sustained in-house after initial ED/Hospital arrival and before hospital discharge at the hospital are excluded